

Abstract

The objectives of this study were to access the roles of organizations and networks in protecting children from sexual abuse and solving the underlying problem in Chiang Mai Province. The study used in-depth interviews and seminar participation to collect data. The results suggest that organizations took responsibility for problem solving more than protecting. The structural networking model was more vertical than horizontal. Almost organization in network was a government office in the judicial cycle. Networking enhances the opportunity for sharing experiences among staff. The networking was effectively implemented for children. Furthermore, it improved a working process and made powerful working about children and helpful instancely on time. There was a minor negative feed back for the network outcome which in relation to the limitation of the organization system.